

Active management during Ma low growth - pg. 2

MTN way forward still uncertain- pg. 3

Market moves

Performace:	Return
16/04/2016 to 22/04/2016	(Cumulative)
Local Markets	
All Share TR ZAR	-0.10
Ind/Financials TR ZAR	1.00
Ind/Industrials TR ZAR	0.30
Financials&Indl 30 TR ZAR	-1.74
Ind/Basic Materials TR ZAR	5.65
Gold Mining TR ZAR	-0.44
SA Listed Property TR ZAR	-0.22
Beassa ALBI TR ZAR	0.05
Commodities	
Oil Price Brent Crude PR	3.15
LBMA Platinum AM PR USD	4.35
Gold London AM Fixing PR USD	-0.20

The week ahead

Domestic

29

May

Balance of trade

Barclays Manufacturing PMI

International

27

US: Fed interest rate decision

May 1

China: Manufacturing PMI

Macro

ΖA

Consumer prices in South Africa increased by 6.3% YoY in March, slowing from a seven-year high of a 7.2% rise the previous month. Figures came in line with market expectations, as a slowdown in petrol cost offset higher food inflation.

US

The number of Americans filing for unemployment benefits was 247,000 in the week ending 16 April, a decrease of 6,000 from the previous weeks unrevised level of 253,000. This was the lowest reading since 24 November 1973 when it was recorded at 233,000.

EU

The ECB left its benchmark refinancing rate on hold at a record low of 0.0%, following a 5bps cut in the previous month. Rates are expected to stay at present or lower levels for an extended period of time, President Mario Draghi said. The asset purchase programme was kept at \in 80 billion a month but the central bank said will start buying corporate bonds in June.

Markets

Best performer

For the week was Kumba Iron Ore, with a 28% return. Followed by Implats and Lonmin, both with a 22% return for the week.

Worst performer

Massmart was the worst performer with a loss of 11% for the week. Followed by Harmony who had a negative 8% return for the same period.

Sectors

Industrial Metals, with companies like Kumba Iron Ore, was the best performing sector for the fourth consecutive week with a 28.4% return for the week. The worst performing sector was media, with companies like Naspers, with a loss of 7.1% for this sector.



Macro note

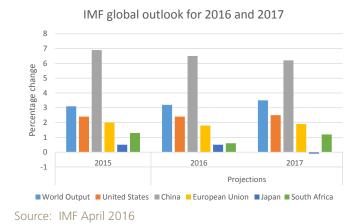
Active management during low growth

"Uncertainty has increased, and risks of weaker growth scenarios are becoming more tangible. The fragile conjuncture increases the urgency of a broad-based policy response to raise growth and manage vulnerabilities."

This is just one of the reasons behind the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) downward growth projection of global growth for this year. The world economy grew by an estimated 3.1% in 2015 and the IMF now forecast growth of 3.2% in 2016, which is down 0.2 percentage points relative to the IMF's January forecast.

This revision was across most geographic regions, with the exception of China. The IMF revised China's growth up by 0.2 percentage points for both 2016 and 2017. For the IMF, China appeared to be managing their economic transition from production to consumption more effectively than was assumed a few months ago. However, the IMF

expects global growth to strengthen in 2017 and beyond. IMF forecasts world growth to improve to 3.5% in 2017. This estimate is 0.1 percentage points below the January estimate. According to the IMF this growth will mainly be driven by emerging market and developing economies, as conditions in stressed economies gradually start to normalise.



Bottom line

Slower global economic growth will have a negative effect on global consumer demand, which will prevent a sharp rise in global inflation, keep global interest rates relatively low, and keep global company earnings below par. This is the characteristics of low beta (high volatility equity markets with below average returns). However, all things are not equal when it comes to regions, countries, industries and companies. The strong entrepreneurial drive of the capitalist system will always produce manager teams that can continue to deliver exceptional results in these conditions. This creates golden opportunities for true active fund managers to identify these quality companies and to consistently deliver alpha (performance above market performances). The PSG Wealth Solutions and product range make exclusively use of active managed strategies. Our solutions are well positioned to deliver above average returns with below average risk in this low growth environment.



Market note

MTN way forward still uncertain

The way forward for the African mobile-telecom giant, MTN is still uncertain. Though the group released a quaterly update in the past week, most of the uncertainties around the fine it faces in Nigeria and who its CEO will be, have still not been finalised.

During the first quarter of 2016, MTN only saw their subscribers grow in Iran. Growth of 1% was seen in a marginally saturated environment, mainly due to modernisation of technology, such as the launch of new LTE sites. Their data revenue growth in this region was 70% QoQ for this period. This resulted in a 1.4% increase in the average rate per user (ARPU) in Iran. The other two large contributors to the group's performance, South Africa (SA) and Nigeria saw declines in subscribers and ARPU for the same period. In SA subscribers declined by 1.7% to just over 30 million, due to the competitive trading environment and the alignment of the Autopage subscriber base. ARPU decreased by 9% mainly due to a 48-hour network outage in February.

MTN Nigeria subscribers decreased by 6.9% QoQ impacted by the 'aggressive' disconnection of 4,5 million subscribers in February 2016 related to the registration compliance process. According to their update, MTN now continues to focus on reconnecting subscribers through proactive engagement and winback offers. Which could cause a positive upside to future subscription figures. Local currency ARPU increased by 11.9% QoQ. Other headwinds experienced in Nigeria is that no mobile telecom company operating in this country is now allowed to charge out-of-bundle rates anymore. There has also been speculation that all mobile operators will have to pay an added 9% tax. All factors which could affect the future earnings of the group. Unfortunately the gaurterly update did not provide investors with any further clarity on the quantum of the fine MTN faces in Nigeria, nor who their new CEO would be.

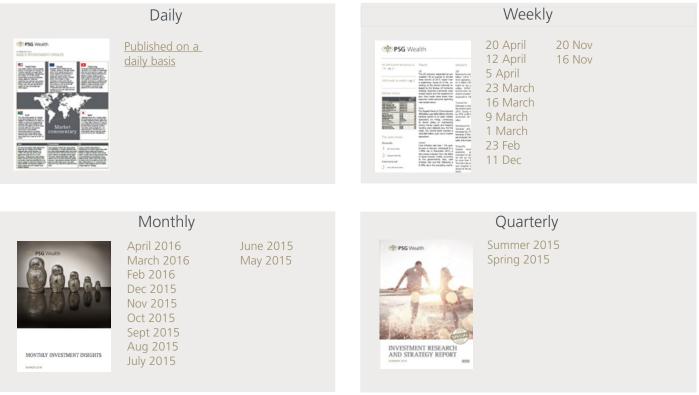
MTN Group executive chairman, Phuthuma Nhleko, stated that the Group was impacted in the first quarter

by the 'after shocks' of the events that took place towards the end of 2015.

"Mainly the subscriber registration process in many of the countries in which we operate, with Nigeria being the largest. In order to mitigate any future regulatory challenges, the Group took an exceptionally conservative stance by disconnecting all subscribers who could possibly be deemed to be non-compliant. This has had a significant unfavourable impact on total subscriber growth and revenue in Q1 16. Nonetheless, we believe this resolve to address compliance matters decisively, has put the Group on a solid footing as regards the subscriber registration process and regulatory matters in general."



Previous publications



Disclaimer

PSG Wealth is a brand underneath PSG Konsult Ltd, which consists of the following legal entities: PSG Multi-Management (Pty) Ltd, PSG Securities Ltd, PSG Fixed Income and Commodities (Pty) Ltd, PSG Scriptfin (Pty) Ltd, PSG Invest (Pty) Ltd, PSG Life Ltd, PSG Employee Benefits Ltd, PSG Trust (Pty) Ltd, and PSG Wealth Financial Planning (Pty) Ltd.

Affiliates of the PSG Konsult Group are authorised financial services providers. The opinions expressed in this document are the opinions of the writer and not necessarily those of PSG Konsult Group and do not constitute advice. Although the utmost care has been taken in the research and preparation of this document, no responsibility can be taken for actions taken on information in this document. Should you require further information, please consult an adviser for a personalised opinion.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not a guide to future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. A fund of funds is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes, which levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios. Fluctuations or movements in the exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from PSG Collective Investments Limited. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, are included in the overall costs. Forward pricing is used.

The portfolios may be capped at any time in order for them to be managed in accordance with their mandate. Different classes of participatory interest can apply to these portfolios and are subject to different fees and charges. Figures quoted are from I-Net, Stats SA, SARB, © 2015 Morningstar, Inc. All Rights Reserved for a lump sum using NAV-NAV prices net of fees, includes income and assumes reinvestment of income. PSG Collective Investments Limited is a member of the Association for Savings and Investment South Africa (ASISA) through its holdings company PSG Konsult Limited.

Conflict of Interest Disclosure: The fund may from time to time invest in a portfolio managed by a related party. PSG Collective Investments Limited or the Fund Manager may negotiate a discount on the fees charged by the underlying portfolio. All discounts negotiated are reinvested in the fund for the benefit of the investor. Neither PSG Collective Investments Limited nor the Fund Manager retain any portion of such discount for their own accounts. PSG Multi-Management (Pty) Ltd (FSP No. 44306), PSG Asset Management (Pty) Ltd (FSP No. 29524) and PSG Collective Investments Limited are subsidiaries of PSG Group Limited. The Fund Manager may use the brokerage services of a related party, PSG Securities Ltd.